

Hate Crime in Scotland 2017-18

Main points

Racial crime remains the most commonly reported hate crime. There were 3,249 charges reported in 2017-18. This continues the downward trend since a peak of 4,547 charges reported in 2011-12, and is the lowest annual total since consistent figures became available in 2003-04.

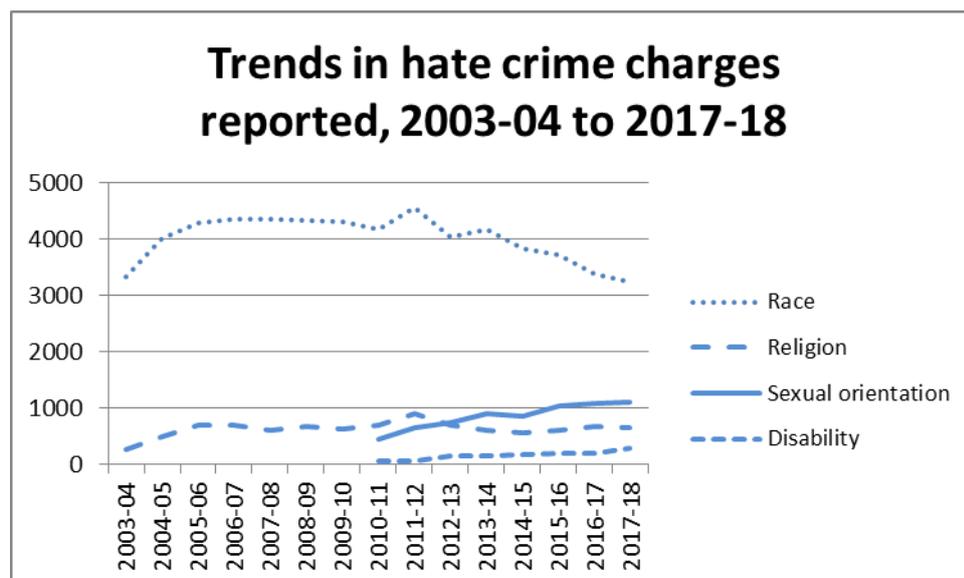
Sexual orientation aggravated crime is the second most common type of hate crime. The number of charges reported increased by 3% in 2017-18 to 1,112. With the exception of 2014-15, there have been year on year increases in charges reported since the legislation introducing this aggravation came into force in 2010.

The number of disability aggravated charges reported increased by 51% in 2017-18 to 284. This may be partially due to increased awareness of, and support for victims of, disability hate crime following concerns that it was underreported. With the exception of 2016-17, there have been year on year increases in charges reported since the legislation introducing this aggravation came into force in 2010.

The repeal of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 has affected the number of charges reported under that Act in 2017-18 and also the number of charges reported with a religious aggravation. Figures for 2017-18 cannot be directly compared with previous years.

There were 642 religiously aggravated charges reported in 2017-18.

There were 198 charges reported in 2017-18 under Section 1 of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012.



Introduction

This publication provides details of hate crime reported to the Procurator Fiscal in Scotland in 2017-18, and earlier years. It also provides details of charges reported under the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012. The relevant legislative provisions are provided in Annex 1.

Background

The information in this publication is obtained from the Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service (COPFS) operational database. The database manages and processes reports submitted to Procurators Fiscal by the police and other reporting agencies throughout Scotland. Since this is a live database, the figures in this publication may differ slightly from those published in earlier years due to changes made during investigation and prosecution of a case.

The information in this publication covers 2010-11 to 2017-18. The legislation for the newer categories of hate crime (disability, sexual orientation and transgender identity) came into force on 24 March 2010. For the other categories of hate crime (racial and religious) the publication includes some additional information on longer term trends since 2003-04.

The figures quoted in this publication relate to the number of charges reported rather than the number of individuals charged or the number of incidents that gave rise to such charges. Where a charge has more than one hate crime aggravation, it is included in the overall figures for each type of hate crime into which it falls. If a charge under the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 contains a hate crime aggravation it is also included in the overall figures for each type of hate crime into which it falls.

The tables provide information on the initial decision taken by Procurators Fiscal on how a charge will proceed. This includes the decision to take court proceedings or to use alternatives to prosecution including fiscal fines and other direct measures. Further information on what is included in each decision category, including a breakdown of the reasons for taking no action, is given in Annex 1.

The Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012

The Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 came into force on 1 March 2012. The information in this publication thus covers 2011-12 to 2017-18, but the 2011-12 figures only relate to the single month of March 2012.

The Act was repealed on 20 April 2018. Revised Lord Advocate's Guidelines dated 9 March 2018 outlined that criminal offences, which may previously have been reported using section 1 or section 6 of the Act, should be reported using alternative common law or statutory offences. Therefore, after this date, new charges which previously would have been reported under the Act may instead have been reported

under a different offence. There are no charges recorded on the COPFS database reported under the Act after 2017-18.

In addition, COPFS conducted a review of all ongoing charges under the Act and a number which were ongoing at that time will have been, or may in the future be, amended to an alternative charge.

In many cases, charges under the Act did not include an aggravation, because the charge itself covered the relevant behaviour. However in certain subsections of the Act, the charge did not include the behaviour against specific individuals or groups covered by the hate crime categories and in these instances the charge may have been reported with an aggravation. Where a charge that would previously have been reported and prosecuted under the Act has been amended to an alternative charge, that alternative charge may now include a statutory aggravation.

The repeal of the Act means that there is a discontinuity in the time series of figures given in this publication between 2016-17 and 2017-18. The figures for the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 charges will be lower in 2017-18 than they otherwise would have been as some of those charges will have been amended to an alternative charge as a result of the repeal. Figures for all the other categories of hate crime, but particularly religiously aggravated hate crime, may be higher in 2017-18 than they otherwise would have been.

Race crime (Tables 1a, 1b)

In total 3,249 charges relating to race crime were reported in 2017-18, a decrease of 4% compared to 2016-17. This is 29% lower than the peak in such charges in 2011-12, when 4,547 charges were reported. It is also the lowest annual figure since consistent figures became available in 2003-04.

The proportion of charges that specifically relate to racially aggravated harassment and behaviour has fallen steadily over recent years, from 62% in 2010-11 to 42% in 2017-18. There has been a corresponding increase in the proportion of charges relating to other offences (for instance, threatening or abusive behaviour, or assault) with a racial aggravation. In order to prove a charge of racially aggravated harassment and behaviour two sources of evidence are required whereas evidence from a single source is sufficient to prove a racial aggravation which is attached to another substantive charge labelled.

Court proceedings were commenced in respect of 84% of charges in 2017-18. In total, 91% of charges reported in 2017-18 led to court proceedings (including those not separately prosecuted¹, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused which were prosecuted).

No action was taken in respect of 3% of charges.

¹ See note 7 of the Annex for the definition of charges not separately prosecuted.

Religious crime (Tables 2a, 2b)

There were 642 charges with a religious aggravation reported in 2017-18. This is 5% fewer than in 2016-17, but higher than the numbers reported in the previous three years. However, as noted above, direct comparisons between 2017-18 and earlier years are unreliable because of the discontinuity in the figures due to the repeal of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012.

In addition, the figures for 2012-13 onwards cannot be directly compared to the figures for earlier years, because some charges that would have been reported with a religious aggravation prior to 2012-13 will have been reported under the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 in the period between 2012-13 and 2017-18. Research by the Scottish Government provided an estimate of how many such additional religious charges there were in each year between 2012-13 and 2016-17, but no estimate is available for 2017-18 due to the repeal of the Act.

In 2017-18, court proceedings were commenced in respect of 85% of charges with a religious aggravation. In total, 92% of charges reported in 2017-18 led to court proceedings (including those not separately prosecuted, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused).

No action was taken in respect of 3% of charges.

Disability (Table 3)

In 2017-18, 284 charges were reported with an aggravation of prejudice relating to disability, 51% more than in 2016-17. This is the highest number of charges reported since the legislation creating this aggravation came into force in 2010. The number of charges reported has increased consistently year on year since the legislation was introduced, with the exception of a small fall in 2016-17.

There is a broad consensus however that this type of crime continues to be under reported compared to other forms of hate crime. Both Police Scotland and COPFS have worked collaboratively with other justice partners and the Scottish Government on a variety of activities aimed at increasing the level of awareness of disability hate crime. This has especially focussed on working with organisations that support people with disabilities, and on encouraging those targeted to report incidents to the police or use Third Party reporting agencies. The large increase in reported charges in 2017-18 may be partially due to increased awareness of what constitutes a disability hate crime and of the support available to report such crime.

Court proceedings were commenced in respect of 82% of charges reported in 2017-18. In total 87% of charges led to court proceedings, including those not separately prosecuted, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused.

No action was taken in respect of 4% of charges reported in 2017-18. In earlier years no action was taken in respect of a relatively high proportion of disability charges as

compared to other categories of hate crime, but since 2015-16 the proportion has been similar to other categories.

Sexual orientation (Table 4)

In 2017-18, 1,112 charges were reported with an aggravation of prejudice relating to sexual orientation, 3% more than in 2016-17. The number of charges reported has increased consistently year on year since the legislation was introduced, with the exception of a fall in 2014-15.

Court proceedings were commenced in respect of 85% of charges (or 92% including those not separately prosecuted, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused).

No action was taken in respect of 2% of charges.

Transgender identity (Table 5)

In 2017-18, 49 charges were reported with an aggravation of prejudice relating to transgender identity, 7 more than in 2016-17. This is the highest number of charges reported since the legislation came into force, although the numbers remain small.

Court proceedings were commenced in respect of 36 of the 49 charges (including six not separately prosecuted, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused).

No action was taken in respect of 5 charges.

Offensive Behaviour at Football – Section 1 (Table 6)

In 2017-18, 198 charges were reported under Section 1 of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012. As noted above, this figure is lower than it would otherwise have been due to the repeal of the Act so it is not possible to make direct comparisons with earlier years.

In 2017-18, court proceedings were commenced in respect of 74% of charges. In total, 93% of charges led to court proceedings (including those not separately prosecuted, but which may have been incorporated into other charges for the same accused).

No action was taken in respect of 5% of charges.

Threatening Communications – Section 6 (Table 7)

In 2017-18, one charge was reported under Section 6 of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012. As noted above, this figure may be lower than it would otherwise have been due to the repeal of the Act so it is not possible to make direct comparisons with earlier years. However, the number of charges reported under this legislation is low and has never exceeded 20 in any single year.

Table 1a: Race crime Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18 (numbers)								
Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of race crimes	4178	4547	4034	4160	3820	3721	3367	3249
Of which								
Charges related to racially aggravated harassment and behaviour	2574	2792	2376	2300	1969	1757	1462	1370
Charges related to another offence with a racial aggravation	1604	1755	1658	1860	1851	1964	1905	1879
Decision on how charge will proceed								
Court proceedings	3500	3728	3347	3633	3296	3216	2822	2721
Not separately prosecuted	357	350	348	266	270	257	256	245
Direct measures	54	64	50	49	33	51	98	93
Referred to Children's Reporter	47	92	76	59	61	51	45	53
No action	220	313	213	153	160	146	143	106
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	31

Table 1b: Race crime Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18 (percentages)								
Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of race crimes	4178	4547	4034	4160	3820	3721	3367	3249
Of which								
Charges related to racially aggravated harassment and behaviour	62%	61%	59%	55%	52%	47%	43%	42%
Charges related to another offence with a racial aggravation	38%	39%	41%	45%	48%	53%	57%	58%
Decision on how charge will proceed								
Court proceedings	84%	82%	83%	87%	86%	86%	84%	84%
Not separately prosecuted	9%	8%	9%	6%	7%	7%	8%	8%
Direct measures	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	3%
Referred to Children's Reporter	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%
No action	5%	7%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%

**Table 2a: Religiously aggravated crime
Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18 (numbers)**

Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of an offence aggravated by religious prejudice	694	896	689	591	567	591	678	642
Additional religious charges now reported under the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012.			75	48	48	50	46	Not Avail.
Estimated total religious charges	694	896	764	639	615	641	724	Not Avail.
Decision on how charge will proceed								
Court proceedings	594	782	564	526	490	540	582	545
Not separately prosecuted	60	63	78	38	34	28	55	44
Direct measures	14	12	10	5	5	5	24	23
Referred to Children's Reporter	3	5	13	1	5	3	3	3
No action	23	34	24	21	33	15	14	18
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9

**Table 2b: Religiously aggravated crime
Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18 (percentages)**

Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of an offence aggravated by religious prejudice	694	896	689	591	567	591	678	642
Decision on how charge will proceed								
Court proceedings	86%	87%	82%	89%	86%	91%	86%	85%
Not separately prosecuted	9%	7%	11%	6%	6%	5%	8%	7%
Direct measures	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	4%	4%
Referred to Children's Reporter	0%	1%	2%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%
No action	3%	4%	3%	4%	6%	3%	2%	3%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%

**Table 3: Disability aggravated crime
Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18**

Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of an offence aggravated by prejudice related to disability	48	60	137	147	176	199	188	284
Decision on how charge will proceed (numbers)								
Court proceedings	35	36	94	127	151	173	146	232
Not separately prosecuted	2	7	7	4	6	13	21	14
Direct measures	3	3	5	3	2	8	13	16
Referred to Children's Reporter	-	2	6	-	1	1	3	3
No action	8	12	25	13	16	4	5	11
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Decision on how charge will proceed (percentages)								
Court proceedings	73%	60%	69%	86%	86%	87%	78%	82%
Not separately prosecuted	4%	12%	5%	3%	3%	7%	11%	5%
Direct measures	6%	5%	4%	2%	1%	4%	7%	6%
Referred to Children's Reporter	0%	3%	4%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%
No action	17%	20%	18%	9%	9%	2%	3%	4%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%

**Table 4: Sexual orientation aggravated crime
Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18**

Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of an offence aggravated by prejudice related to sexual orientation	452	650	729	887	848	1027	1081	1112
Decision on how charge will proceed (numbers)								
Court proceedings	357	535	564	780	757	890	899	945
Not separately prosecuted	37	42	63	66	43	55	94	78
Direct measures	15	24	36	9	8	19	40	35
Referred to Children's Reporter	7	11	18	9	10	22	21	15
No action	36	38	48	23	30	41	27	25
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Decision on how charge will proceed (percentages)								
Court proceedings	79%	82%	77%	88%	89%	87%	83%	85%
Not separately prosecuted	8%	6%	9%	7%	5%	5%	9%	7%
Direct measures	3%	4%	5%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%
Referred to Children's Reporter	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%
No action	8%	6%	7%	3%	4%	4%	2%	2%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%

**Table 5: Transgender identity aggravated crime
Charges reported, 2010-11 to 2017-18**

Year	10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges of an offence aggravated by prejudice related to transgender identity	14	16	14	25	21	30	42	49
Decision on how charge will proceed (numbers)								
Court proceedings	14	12	11	22	18	20	31	30
Not separately prosecuted	-	1	1	-	1	4	3	6
Direct measures	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	6
Referred to Children's Reporter	-	2	1	1	-	-	6	1
No action	-	1	1	2	2	2	2	5
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Decision on how charge will proceed (percentages)								
Court proceedings	100%	75%	79%	88%	86%	67%	74%	61%
Not separately prosecuted	0%	6%	7%	0%	5%	13%	7%	12%
Direct measures	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	12%
Referred to Children's Reporter	0%	13%	7%	4%	0%	0%	14%	2%
No action	0%	6%	7%	8%	10%	7%	5%	10%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%

Table 6: Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 - Section 1 (Football)

Charges reported, 2011-12 to 2017-18

Year	11-12 ²	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges under Section 1 (Football)	65	267	206	193	286	368	198
Decision on how charge will proceed (numbers)							
Court proceedings	57	221	165	171	219	328	146
Not separately prosecuted	7	7	5	16	39	26	38
Direct measures	1	11	7	-	4	1	5
Referred to Children's Reporter	-	5	13	2	10	6	-
No action	-	23	16	4	14	7	9
Awaiting decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Decision on how charge will proceed (percentages)							
Court proceedings	88%	83%	80%	89%	77%	89%	74%
Not separately prosecuted	11%	3%	2%	8%	14%	7%	19%
Direct measures	2%	4%	3%	0%	1%	0%	3%
Referred to Children's Reporter	0%	2%	6%	1%	3%	2%	0%
No action	0%	9%	8%	2%	5%	2%	5%
Awaiting decision	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

² This legislation came into force on 1 March 2012, so 2011-12 figures relate to March 2012 only.

Table 7: Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 - Section 6 (Threatening communications)

Charges reported, 2011-12 to 2017-18

Year	11-12 ³	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18
Total number of charges under Section 6 (Threatening communications)	5	19	11	4	6	6	1
Decision on how charge will proceed (numbers)							
Court proceedings	* ⁴	10	6	*	*	*	*
Not separately prosecuted	*	4	2	*	*	*	*
Direct measures	*	2	1	*	*	*	*
Referred to Children's Reporter	*	2	-	*	*	*	*
No action	*	1	2	*	*	*	*
Awaiting decision	*	-	-	*	*	*	*
Decision on how charge will proceed (percentages)							
Court proceedings	*	53%	55%	*	*	*	*
Not separately prosecuted	*	21%	18%	*	*	*	*
Direct measures	*	11%	9%	*	*	*	*
Referred to Children's Reporter	*	11%	0%	*	*	*	*
No action	*	5%	18%	*	*	*	*
Awaiting decision	*	0%	0%	*	*	*	*

³ This legislation came into force on 1 March 2012, so 2011-12 figures relate to March 2012 only.

⁴ Some figures have been suppressed, with an asterisk, to avoid potentially releasing information relating to identifiable people.

Annex 1

Legislation

1. Race crime is defined as any charge of racially aggravated harassment and behaviour in terms of Section 50A of the Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995 or Section 18, 19 or 23(1)a of the Public Order Act 1986 or any racial aggravation in terms of Section 96 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998. In order to prove a charge of racially aggravated harassment and behaviour two sources of evidence are required whereas evidence from a single source is sufficient to prove a racial aggravation which is attached to another substantive charge libelled
2. Religiously aggravated offences are defined as charges that include an aggravation of religiously motivated behaviour in terms of Section 74 of the Criminal Justice (Scotland) Act 2003.
3. Disability aggravated offences are defined as charges that include an aggravation of prejudice relating to disability in terms of Section 1 of the Offences (Aggravation by Prejudice) (Scotland) Act 2009.
4. Sexual orientation aggravated offences are defined as charges that include an aggravation of prejudice relating to sexual orientation in terms of Section 2 of the Offences (Aggravation by Prejudice) (Scotland) Act 2009.
5. Transgender identity aggravated offences are defined as charges that include an aggravation of prejudice relating to transgender identity in terms of Section 2 of the Offences (Aggravation by Prejudice) (Scotland) Act 2009.
6. The Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 came into force on 1 March 2012. Charges under Section 1 cover offensive behaviour at football, and those under Section 6 cover threatening communications. The Act was repealed on 20 April 2018.

Definitions

7. Not separately prosecuted include charges which were not prosecuted, but where other charges for the same accused within the same case were prosecuted. In some cases the charges which were prosecuted may have included details from the charges which were not prosecuted.
8. Direct measures include fiscal fines, warning letters and referral to diversion from prosecution schemes. The direct measures figures include a small number of charges which were not actioned, but where the accused was given a direct measure in respect of other charges within the same case. In some cases the charges which were given a direct measure may have included details from the charges which were not actioned.
9. No action includes charges where a decision has been taken not to proceed. This will include charges where there is insufficient evidence to proceed or

where further action would be disproportionate. Tables 8 and 9 below give a breakdown of the reasons for no action in 2017-18.

10. Cases awaiting decision include those where no decision has been taken yet, and also those which have been reviewed and have been marked for “further enquiries” i.e. where more information is required before a final decision can be taken on whether to proceed.

Table 8: Breakdown of reason for no action, 2017-18					
	Category				
	Racial	Religious	Disability	Sexual orientation	Transgender
Total number of charges – no action	106	18	11	25	5
Not a crime	3	4	-	-	-
Insufficient admissible evidence	70	10	7	13	1
Further action disproportionate	3	1	2	3	2
Mitigating circumstances	10	1	1	3	-
Other	20	2	1	6	2

Table 9: Breakdown of reason for no action, 2017-18		
	Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012	
	Section 1 (Football)	Section 6 (Threatening communications)
Total number of charges – no action	9	0
Not a crime	-	-
Insufficient admissible evidence	7	-
Further action disproportionate	1	-
Mitigating circumstances	-	-
Other	1	-

Convictions

11. The figures in this publication relate to initial decisions taken by the Procurator Fiscal. Many of the charges reported in the most recent year, 2017-18, will not yet have reached a conclusion, so information on the final number convicted is not yet available.
12. Figures on convictions for years up to 2016-17 are published by the Scottish Government <http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Crime-Justice/PubCriminalProceedings>
Conviction information on the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012 is available in Table A in Section 7 of the latest Criminal Proceedings publication. Conviction information on aggravations is available in Tables 12 and 13 of the publication. The figures for race crime cover convictions with racial aggravations only and do not include racial charges. (See note 1 above for the definition of race crime). Please note that there are differences in the way the Criminal Proceedings statistics measure activity in comparison to the figures in this report. These differences are described in the sections indicated above and in Annex C of the Criminal Proceedings publication.
13. The date of publication for convictions for 2017-18 will be made known when finalised on the Forthcoming Publications page of the Scottish Government website <http://www.gov.scot/Publications/2005/03/18798>

Related research - religious aggravations and offensive behaviour at football

14. The Scottish Government has published research which provides details of the circumstances of charges with religious aggravations reported in 2017-18. This includes information on the religion targeted, the location where the offence was committed, and the age and gender of the accused. Similar research has also been published relating to charges reported in each year from 2010-11 to 2016-17.
15. The Scottish Government previously published research which provides details of the circumstances of charges reported in each year from 2012-13 to 2016-17 under the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012. This includes information on the location where the offence was committed including the football stadium if appropriate, the nature of the offensive behaviour, the age and gender of the accused and their team affiliation. Due to the repeal of the Act, no similar research has been published relating to charges reported in 2017-18.

Related reviews

16. On 31 May 2018, the Right Honourable Lord Bracadale published an Independent Review Report on Hate Crime Legislation in Scotland. <http://www.gov.scot/Publications/2018/05/2988>

Data sources and data quality

17. The information in this publication is taken from the COPFS operational database used to manage the processing of reports submitted to Procurators Fiscal by the police and other reporting agencies throughout Scotland. Since this is a live database, the figures given here may not exactly match those previously published. For instance, if the Procurator Fiscal amends a charge, the database only holds details of the amended charge.
18. Checks of charges with a disability aggravation revealed that in some cases the aggravations had not been recorded correctly. Errors identified have been corrected where possible.
19. The total number of charges relating to Section 6 of the Offensive Behaviour at Football and Threatening Communications (Scotland) Act 2012, and to the hate crime category of transgender identity is small. The percentages derived from these figures should therefore be treated with caution, because they are based on small numbers.
20. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
21. Some figures have been suppressed to ensure compliance with data protection legislation, to avoid potentially releasing information about identifiable people.

AN OFFICIAL STATISTICS PUBLICATION FOR SCOTLAND

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